1. Macroeconomics is \_\_\_\_\_ of broader aggregations of markets.

Выберите один ответ:

the study

studies

study

to study

2. Macroeconomics tries \_\_\_\_\_ the national unemployment rate, the overall price level, and the total value of national output.

Выберите один ответ:

to explain

explained

explaining

explain

3. There is no \_\_\_\_\_ the importance of macroeconomic analysis.

Выберите один ответ:

denied

denies

denying

deny

4. What makes macroeconomics such a \_\_\_\_\_ subject?

Выберите один ответ:

challenge

challenging

challenged

challenges

5. Macroeconomic topics \_\_\_\_\_ often \_\_\_\_\_ on the front pages of newspapers.

Выберите один ответ:

are … found

are … find

is … found

... found

6. Macroeconomics \_\_\_\_ sometimes \_\_\_\_ income theory.

Выберите один ответ:

are… called

is … called

called

call

7. Income theory \_\_\_\_\_ the level of total production.

Выберите один ответ:

explaining

explains

to explain

explained

8. The questions \_\_\_\_\_ by the macroeconomist are in terms of broad aggregates.

Выберите один ответ:

asked

to ask

ask

asks

9. Market value of all final goods and services in an economy produced by resources owned by people of that economy regardless of where the resources are located is \_\_\_\_\_ .

Выберите один ответ:

Gross National Product (GNP)

requirement

Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

consumption

10. Macroeconomic analysis considers factors \_\_\_\_\_ the long-term level and growth of national income.

Выберите один ответ:

affecting

affects

affected

affect

11. International trade \_\_\_\_\_ determinants of goods-and-services flows across international boundaries.

Выберите один ответ:

study

to study

studied

studies

12. Many economic events are \_\_\_\_\_ great interest to macroeconomists.

Выберите один ответ:

at

оf

on

from

13. Macroeconomics \_\_\_\_\_ generally \_\_\_\_\_ on countrywide or global economics.

Выберите один ответ:

are … focused

is … focused

… focused

be focused

14. World Bank tries to encourage the flow of capital to poor countries; it obtains funds from the world's advanced countries and uses these resources \_\_\_\_\_ loans to less developed countries.

Выберите один ответ:

do

to do

to make

make

15. \_\_\_\_\_ are financial institutions through which savers can directly provide funds to borrowers.

Выберите один ответ:

Financial markets

Company

Banks

Organization

16. The difference between the money that a country pays out and the money that they receive through international trade is \_\_\_\_\_ .

Выберите один ответ:

export

import

balance of payments

consumption

17. The goods and services that one country buys from other countries is called \_\_\_\_\_ .

Выберите один ответ:

requirement

export

import

consumption

18. The goods and services that a country produces to sell to other countries is called \_\_\_\_\_ .

Выберите один ответ:

import

consumption

export

requirement

19. Actions by the Federal government to expand or contract the money supply is \_\_\_\_\_ .

Выберите один ответ:

reserve requirement

fiscal policy

monetary policy

national deficit

20. Debt owned by the government is \_\_\_\_\_ .

Выберите один ответ:

reserve requirement

fiscal policy

national deficit

consumption